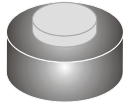


# AR3505 THRU AR3510



35.0 AMP SILICON RECTIFIERS



## FEATURES

- \* Low forward voltage drop
- \* Low leakage current
- \* High reliability
- \* High current capability

## MECHANICAL DATA

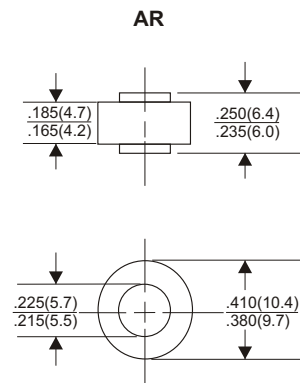
- \* Case: Molded plastic
- \* Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- \* Slugs: Plated slugs, solderable per MIL-STD-202 method 208 guranteed
- \* Polarity: Color ring denotes cathode end
- \* Mounting position: Any
- \* Weight: 1.80 grams

## VOLTAGE RANGE

50 to 1000 Volts

## CURRENT

35.0 Ampere



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating 25°C ambient temperature unieess otherwies specified.  
Single phase half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.  
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

TYPE NUMBER	AR3505	AR351	AR352	AR354	AR356	AR358	AR3510	UNITS	
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V	
Maximum RMS Voltage	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V	
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current									
.375"(9.5mm) Lead Length at Tc=150°C								35.0	A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)								400	A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 35.0A								1.0	V
Maximum DC Reverse Current Tc=25°C								25	μA
at Rated DC Blocking Voltage Tc=100°C								500	μA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 1)								350	pF
Typical Thermal Resistance R JA (Note 2)								1.0	°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range Tj, Tstg								-65 — +175	°C
Cathode Band Color	Red	Yellow	Silver	Orange	Green	Blue	Violet		

### NOTES:

1. Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient .375" (9.5mm) lead length.

# RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (AR3505 THRU AR3510)

FIG.1-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

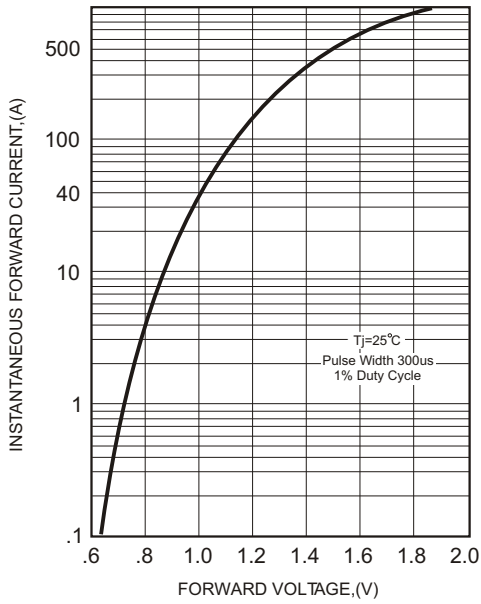


FIG.2-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

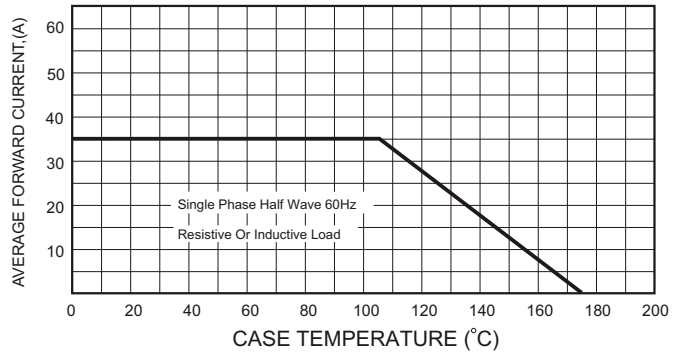


FIG.4-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

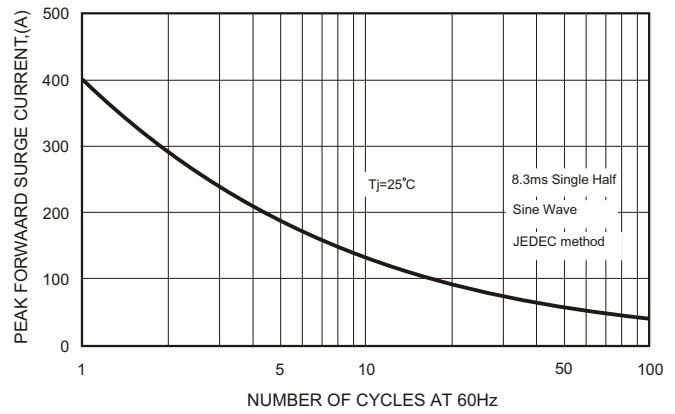


FIG.3 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

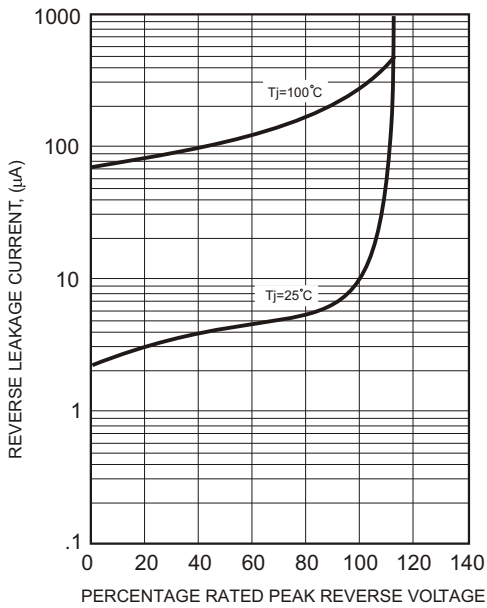


FIG.5-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

